

SENECIO PLANT NAMED 'SUNSENEBAPIBA'

Botanical/commercial classification:

Senecio cruentus x *Senecio heritieri*/Senecio Plant

5 Varietal denomination
cv. Sunsenebapiba

BACKGROUND OF THE VARIETY

10 The present invention relates to a new variety of
Senecio plant originated from crossing of a cultivar
'Extra Rose White' as the female parent and a variety of
Senecio heritieri as the male parent.

15 There are many varieties in *Senecio* L. and *Senecio*
cruentus well known as 'Cineraria' and cultivated in the
world. There are many cultivated varieties with flowers
of a single color of white, pink red, blue or violet.
Some varieties have marginal variegation with off color
20 parts.

Progress

25 The female parent 'Extra Rose White' (unpatented)
used in the crossing of 'Sunsenebapiba' is a cultivar of
Senecio cruentus. It is an early flowering variety having
dwarf and mounding shape with large leaves. It has small
single flowers, the petals having vivid purplish red with
white center coloration. The seed of 'Extra Rose White'
30 is commercially available.

35 The male parent *Senecio heritieri* used in the
crossing of 'Sunsenebapiba' is a cultivar, having a high
and dome-shaped growth habit with abundant branching with
small leaves. It has small single flowers, the petals
having strong purple with vague white center coloration.
Senecio heritieri was introduced from nurseries in

England, has no variety name and is not patented nor sold in the United States.

5 In January 1996, crossing of 'Extra Rose White' as the female parent and *Senecio heritieri* as the male parent was conducted at Hakushu-cho, Kitakoma-gun, Yamanashi-ken, Japan. The seedlings were obtained from that crossing were grown in pots in glasshouses and evaluated from July 1996. One seedling was selected in
10 view of its growth habit, flower color and flowering time in December 1996. That seedling was propagated by cutting and a trial was carried out by flower potting from July 1999, at Hakushu-cho, Kitakoma-gun, Yamanashi-ken, Japan. The botanical characteristics of that plant were then
15 examined, using similar varieties 'Sunsenereba' (U.S. Plant Pat. No. 12122) and 'Rouge Chigasaki' (unpatented) for comparison. As a result, it was concluded that this *Senecio* plant is distinguishable from any other variety, whose existence is known to us, and is uniform and stable
20 in its characteristics. Then the new variety of *Senecio* plant was named 'Sunsenebapiba'.

In the following description, the color-coding is in accordance with the Horticultural Colour Chart of The
25 Royal Horticultural Society, London, England (R.H.S. Colour Chart).

SUMMARY OF THE VARIETY

30 This new variety is unlike any *Senecio* commercially available as evidenced by the following unique combinations of characteristics.

1. Semi-dwarf, obconical plant shape having abundant branching with small leaves.

35 2. The flowers are single and medium size. The petals having strong reddish purple (R.H.S. 78B) with white center coloration. The disk color is deep reddish

purple (R.H.S. 79B).

3. Blooming time is early, and flowering duration is long.

4. Having low fertility.

5

The new variety 'Sunsenebapiba' differs from the similar variety 'Sunsenereba' in the following points.

1. The plant size of 'Sunsenebapiba' is more compact than that of 'Sunsenereba'.

10 2. The flower diameter of 'Sunsenebapiba' is smaller than that of 'Sunsenereba'.

3. The peduncle length of 'Sunsenebapiba' is shorter than that of 'Sunsenereba'.

15 4. The blooming time of 'Sunsenebapiba' is earlier than that of 'Sunsenereba'.

The new variety 'Sunsenebapiba' differs from the similar variety 'Rouge Chigasaki' in the following points.

20 1. The plant size of 'Sunsenebapiba' is larger than that of 'Rouge Chigasaki'.

2. Number of the branches of 'Sunsenebapiba' is more than that of 'Rouge Chigasaki'.

25 3. The leaf of 'Sunsenebapiba' is smaller than that of 'Rouge Chigasaki'.

4. The petal color of 'Sunsenebapiba' is strong reddish purple (R.H.S. 78B) with white center coloration and the disk color is deep reddish purple (R.H.S. 79B). The petal color of 'Rouge Chigasaki' has deep red (R.H.S. 60B) with white center coloration and the disk color is deep purplish red (R.H.S. 61A).

30 5. The blooming time of 'Sunsenebapiba' is earlier than that of 'Rouge Chigasaki'.

35 6. The flowering duration of 'Sunsenebapiba' is longer than that of 'Rouge Chigasaki'.

This new variety of Senecio Plant 'Sunsenebapiba'

was asexually reproduced by the use of cuttings at
Hakushu-cho, Kitakoma-gun, Yamanashi-ken, Japan, and
homogeneity and stability thereof were confirmed. The
instant plant retains its distinctive characteristics and
5 reproduces true to type in successive generations.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE PHOTOGRAPH

The depicted plants had been reproduced by the use
10 of cuttings and were photographed during January 2003
while growing outdoors in 12 cm pots at an age of
approximately 5 months at Yokaichi-shi, Shiga-ken, Japan.

FIG. 1 illustrates a typical plant of the new
15 variety of Senecio plant 'Sunsenebapiba', growing in a
pot.

FIG. 2 illustrates a close-up view of flowers of the
new variety of Senecio plant 'Sunsenebapiba'.

20 DESCRIPTION OF THE VARIETY

The botanical characteristics of the new and
distinct variety of Senecio plant named 'Sunsenebapiba'
are as follows, when observed during January at Yokaichi-
25 shi, Shiga-ken, Japan, at an age of approximately 5
months.

Plant:

Growth habit. - Semi-dwarf, obconical.

Height. - Approximately 27.5 cm.

30 Width. - Approximately 21.0 cm.

Stem:

Thickness. - Approximately 4.4 mm.

Color. - R.H.S. 144A (strong yellow green).

Anthocyanin coloration. - Absent.

35 Branching. - Abundant.

Type of primary lateral shoot. - Branch from every
node.

Pubescence. - Moderate.

Length of internode. - Approximately 1.8 cm.

Leaf:

Whole shape. - Cordate.

5 Leaf margin. - Dentate.

Apex shape. - Acute.

Base shape. - Cordate.

Degree of undulation. - Moderate.

Length. - Approximately 8.5 cm.

10 Width. - Approximately 9.4 cm.

Diameter of petiole. - Approximately 3.2 mm.

Length of petiole. - Approximately 6.2 cm.

Color of upper surface. - R.H.S. 146A (moderate olive green).

15 Color of reverse surface. - R.H.S. 138B (grayish yellow green).

Anthocyanin coloration of reverse surface. - Absent.

Pubescence of upper surface - Moderate.

Pubescence of reverse surface. - Dense.

20 Flower:

Type of flower - Single.

Shape of flower - Flat.

Diameter of flower cluster. - Approximately 29 cm.

Height of flower cluster. - Approximately 16 cm.

25 Transected shape of corolla. - Flat.

Diameter of flower. - Approximately 5.7 cm.

Diameter of disk. - Approximately 1.0 cm.

Color of petal. - R.H.S. 78B (strong reddish purple).

30 Marginal variegation. - Present. The white center coloration is approximately 2.4 cm in diameter.

Color of disk flower. - R.H.S. 79B (deep reddish purple).

Petal length. - Approximately 2.4 cm.

Petal width. - Approximately 0.8 cm.

35 Shape of petal. - Oblong.

Lengthwise warp of petal. - Flat.

Shape of petal tip. - Acute.

- Number of ray flowers.- 13.
Number of disk flowers. - Approximately 95.
Diameter of pedicel. - Approximately 1.3 mm.
Length of pedicel. - Approximately 2.7 cm.
- 5 Number of flowers per flower cluster. - Abundant.
Scent. - Present.
- Involucre:
Type. - Bracts in a whorl, fused at the base, not recurved.
- 10 Length of bracts (separated portion). - Approximately 3.0 mm.
Width of bracts (separated portion). - Approximately 1.0 mm.
Apex shape of bracts. - Acute.
- 15 Color. - R.H.S. 144A (strong yellow green).
Anthocyanin coloration. - Absent.
- Pistil:
Color. - R.H.S. 80A (vivid reddish purple).
Number. - 1.
- 20 Type. - Style branches truncate.
- Stamen:
Color. - R.H.S. 77A (deep reddish purple).
Type. - Synantherous.
Blooming time. - Beginning of November (cutting in
- 25 July).
- Hardiness:
Cold. - Good.
Heat. - Good.
- Resistance:
30 Disease. - Good.
Insect. - Good.

35 The new variety and *Senecio cruentus* have similar resistance to powdery mildew, leaf spot, aphid, whitefly and thrips. The new variety, 'Sunsenebapiba', is most suitable for flower potting.